



Patient ID / MRN	Patient Name	Patient Name		Gender	Age	
	LAST, FIRST	LAST, FIRST		Female	36Y	
Accession Number	Account Name	Account Name		Ordering Physician		
	Clinic/Hospital		Last, First			
Sample Type	Collected	Received	Reported			
Blood	DD MM YYYY	DD MM YYYY	DD MM YYYY			
Test		Test Indication				
172536 - Myeloproliferative Neoplasm, NGS, Varies		Elevated HCT & Hb				

Myeloproliferative Neoplasm, NGS, Varies

ONCOGENIC OR LIKELY ONCOGENIC (TIER I/II) VARIANTS DETECTED

None Detected.

See below for the Variants of Unknown Clinical Significance and Additional Notes. Please see the section "PANEL GENE LIST" section below for the complete list of genes tested.

INTERPRETATION

No clinically actionable variants were identified in this individual. This result does not rule out the presence of a mutation occurring at an allele fraction below the limit of detection of this assay, or any other mutations present outside of the targeted regions. This result should be interpreted in context of clinical, histopathological and other laboratory data.

VARIANTS OF UNKNOWN CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE

None Detected

The variant(s) listed in this section have insufficient evidence of oncogenicity or clinical significance. They are listed here for future reference in the event they become clinically significant in the light of new scientific evidence.

METHODOLOGY

The total genomic DNA was extracted from the provided sample using a Bead-based EZ1 DSP DNA Blood Kit (Qiagen, Hilden, Germany). After DNA quality and quantity were assessed using the Denovix DS-11 Spectrophotometer/Fluorometer system, the DNA was randomly fragmented, and ligated sequencing libraries were prepared using the Agilent Magnis NGS Prep system. Regions of interest were targeted by the hybridization-based target capture method using SureSelect CD Glasgow Cancer Haem Panel Kit (Agilent Technologies, CA, USA). Captured DNA was sequenced to an average depth of ≥500X on the Illumina NextSeq 2000 using 2x150 bp paired-end reads (Illumina, San Diego, CA, USA). Primary data analysis converting images into base calls and associated quality scores, and secondary analysis aligning the sequencing reads against the reference human genome (GRCh38/hg38) and variant calling were carried out by using Illumina's proprietary software (Dragen 4.2.7). Quality control analysis of the sequencing data was performed by QualiMap v.2.2.2-dev (Max Planck Institute for Infection Biology, Germany) and VarSeq 2.6.2 (Golden Helix, MT, USA). Copy number variation (CNV) calling was performed on Dragen-CNV (4.2.7) and VarSeq 2.6.2. Variant annotation, filtering, and interpretation were performed on VarSeq 2.6.2.

Variants are annotated following the HGVS (Human Genome Variation Society) nomenclature system. Classification of variants was performed based on AMP/CAP/ASCO and ClinGen guidelines (Li et al, 2017, PMID: 27993330; Horak et al, 2022, PMID: 35101336). AMP/CAP/ASCO guideline classifies the clinical significance of variants into four tiers, namely, Tier I: Variant of Strong Clinical Significance, Tier II: Variant of Potential Clinical Significance, Tier III: Variant of Unknown Clinical Significance, and Tier IV: Benign or Likely Benign Variants. Meanwhile, ClinGen guideline classifies the oncogenicity of the variants into five categories, namely Oncogenic, Likely Oncogenic, Variant of Uncertain Significance, Likely Benign, and Benign. Likely Benign and Benign variants are not reported.

Performing Site	Address	Lab Director	Contact
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Blood	DD MM YYYY	DD MM YYYY	DD MM YYYY			
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	Clinic/Hospital	/Hospital		Last, First		
Accession Number	Account Name	Account Name		Ordering Physician		
	LAST, FIRST		DD MM YYYY	Female	36Y	
Patient ID / MRN	Patient Name	Patient Name		Gender	Age	

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS OF NGS PANEL

Single base substitution: accuracy >99%; reproducibility 100% (intra- and inter-assay); analytical sensitivity: 5% variant allele fraction with a minimum coverage of 250X (2% to 4.99% variant allele fraction with a minimum coverage of 500X will also be reported). Small insertion/deletion events (up to 52 bp): accuracy >99%; reproducibility 100% (intra- and inter-assay); analytical sensitivity: 5% variant allele fraction with a minimum coverage of 250X (2% to 4.99% variant allele fraction with a minimum coverage of 500X will also be reported). Larger single gene insertion/deletion events with size ≥52 bp including (meeting the minimum coverage of 500X and variant allele fraction ≥5%) will also be reported.

COVERAGE METRICS

Average target coverage: 1450X

Coverage of target region ≥50X in 100% Coverage of target region ≥100X in 99.32% Coverage of target region ≥250X in 95.50% Coverage of target region ≥500X in 90.91%

ADDITIONAL NOTES

None

CLINICAL TRIALS

Information regarding possible clinical trials for this patient can be found at the following sites:

- 1. ClinicalTrial.gov: https://clinicaltrials.gov/
- 2. National Cancer Institute: https://www.cancer.gov/research/participate/clinical-trials-search
- The Leukemia and Lymphoma Society's Clinical Trial Support Center: https://www.hematology.org/education/clinicians/clinical-trial-support-center

LIMITATIONS

This test does not detect gene fusions, balanced translocations, complex inversions, and intronic variants deeper than ±10 base pairs from the exon-intron boundary unless otherwise indicated. Additionally, this test may not reliably detect the following: indels larger than 52bp, single exon deletions or duplications, and copy-neutral loss of heterozygosity (CN-LOH).

The depth of sequencing coverage may be variable for some target regions, and they will be noted if they are below the minimum acceptable criteria (minimum reads <50). Low tumor cell percentage in the sample may affect the true variant allele fraction (VAF) and/or sensitivity. This assay does not distinguish between somatic and germline mutations, particularly those with variant allele fractions near 50% or 100%. Similarly, prior treatment for hematological malignancy can affect the results obtained in this assay.

DISCLAIMER

Because this is a qualitative test, the VAFs provided are for information purposes only and do not indicate a measure of analytical sensitivity for the given genes. If a detected mutation is suspected to be a germline mutation associated with hereditary diseases, and there is also strong clinical suspicion or a family history of hereditary cancer, additional genetic testing and counseling are recommended.

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Test				
172536 - Myeloproliferative Neoplasm, NGS, Varies				
	LAST, FIRST Account Name Clinic/Hospital Collected DD MM YYYY	LAST, FIRST Account Name Clinic/Hospital Collected Received DD MM YYYY DD MM YYYY Test Indication	LAST, FIRST Account Name Clinic/Hospital Collected DD MM YYYY DD MM YYYY DD MM YYYY Test Indication	LAST, FIRST Account Name Clinic/Hospital Collected DD MM YYYY DD MM YYYY Test Indication DD MM YYYY Female Ordering Physician Last, First Received Reported DD MM YYYY DD MM YYYY Test Indication

The results of this test must always be interpreted within the context of clinical findings and other relevant data and should not be used alone for a diagnosis of malignancy. This test is not intended to detect minimal residual disease.

This test was developed, and its performance characteristics were determined by the Molecular Diagnostics & Genomics Laboratory of NRL. This test is used for clinical purposes and should not be regarded as investigational or for research.

PANEL GENE LIST

Gene	Region covered	Gene	Region covered	Gene	Region covered
CALR	Exons 1-9	JAK2	Exons 3-25	MPL	Exons 1-12

Unless otherwise indicated, coverage of the intronic regions flanking the exons is ±10 bp. For all genes, standard MANE Select transcript IDs were used.

REVIEWED BY

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